#### SOUTH CAROLINA.

JUDGE BOND, OF THE U. S. COURT, ORDERS THE IMPRISONED "RE-TUGNERS" BEFORE HIM.

They Are Placed in Charge of the U. 8. Marshal Until Wednesday-When the Indee Will Hear What the Lawyers on Both Sides Have to Say-Great Excitement in Columbia The Bemocracy Very Louds Monthed, as Usual-Nobody Scared.

South Carolina scems determined to create trouble, if such a thing is possible. Our latest private advices this morning as we go to press inform us that the greatest excitement prevails at Columbia, the capital of the State, and that large crowds of armed men are flocking thither by every train, and also from the surrounding country on horseback, and an outbreak would be highly probable but for the President's timely precaution in ordering Federal troops to the scene of threstened bloodshed. The cause of the unnatural commotion is the granting by Judge Bond, United States judge, of a writ of hebras corpus directed to the sheriff of Richland county, in which Columbia is located in obedience to which the four members of the returning board, who had been committed to were brought before him and remanded to the custody of the United States marshal until next Wednesday, at 10 a. m., when the hour ing will occur. Leading Democrate from the South and Chairman Hewitt, who continues marvelously prolific in letters and addresses, have requested Chief Justice Waite to go to Columbia and decide the cases in question, to each of which requests the Chief Justice has returned answer that his duties here preclude him from leaving Washington. Meantime the agitation continues, and the prospects of a peaceful way out of present complications grows darker and darker as the hour approaches for the organization of the new Legislature to day. In Florida the Canvassing Poard organized

quietly, and after very sensibly inviting representatives of both parties to be present at their proceedings, adjourned until to day. In Londsiana matters continue unchanged. Protests keep pouring in with a vengeaute, and the "Returners" are having a hot time

That Rutherford B. Hayes has carried all three States does not admit of the slightest doubt, and therefore we advise our friends to

#### SOUTH CAROLINA BOARD OF CAN-VASSERS.

Applications for Writs of Habeas Corpus - Time Granted to Make a Return-The Board in Charge of the United States Marshal.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 27 .- On application for writs of habeas corpus, the Board of State Canvassers were brought this morning into appears on the face of the returns, must file the United States Circuit Court, Judges Bond with the board brief statements in writing, and Bryan presiding. The board were in the custody of the sheriff of this county, who, through counsel, asked for time to make a return to the application for the write. The court signified that time would be granted, and that the prisoners would be held to the custody of the court pending the return. The application is based on the ground that the board were discharging the duties of an cointing Presidential electors, when the Suprome Court of the State Interfered. On subequent motion of counsel, time was grantel until Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, to make a return, pending which the board were placed members are now at large, but arcompanied by deputy marshals. It is understood that troops will be posted at the State House to-morrow, when the Legislature meets to or-

dispatch, signed by Schator Gordon, of Georgie: Senator Johnson, of Virginia; Gen. Wade Hamp'on, several circuit judges, a large number of State Serators and Revre cotations white and colored and many other prominent citizens of this State, just sent: To the President of the United States:

We the undersigned, visitors from a distance and a committee of the Democratic members elect of the South Carolina Legislature, the Democratic Executive Committee and citizens, having just seen by Associated Preus disprice that Gov. Chamberlain has applied for United States troops to be placed under his orders at the assembling of the Legislature to-motrow, and this our solemn protest against the troops being placed under command of Gov. Chamberlain. We have no objections to the presence of troops, and will co-o, crate with them in pre-serving the poace, but we protest against the use of the United States at my in controlling the organization of the Legislature and enloreing the inauguration of Gov. Chamberlain, who has been defeated by the while and colored voters at the ballet-box. There is not the remotest danger a disturbance of the peace by the Democrats. it occurs it will be at the instigation of Gov. Chamberlain whose partisans have taken the only lives lost in the late exciting canvass in this State. Not one drop of blood has been shed in any political disturbance except by Republicans. It is literally true that the Democrats received their greates: majorities in the counties where the United States soldiers were stationed. What pretence, therefore, is there for Governor Chamberlain's demand for troops to keep the peace. We refer for the confirmation of these States forces at this place and elsewhere in the

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE CALLED UPON TO DE-CIDE THE HABEAS CORPUS CASE-CAUCUS OF

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 27.—The Democratic counsel and the Democratic State Executive Committee telegraphed this airernoon to Chiday, when the ladeas corpus case of the State Board of Canvassers will be heard. Both our-Nothing has transpired since norming, but considerable anxiety is f

CHAIRMAN BEWITT TO CHIEF JUSTICE WAIT NEW YORK, Nov. 27 .- By required the La mouratic State Committee of Figh Caro-ling the following dispatch was day sent by Mr. Hewitt, chairman of the National

NEW YORK N. 1870.

Hon. Morrison F. Walle, Chief Justice of United States, Washington, B. C.:

I am satisfied that your summediate presence at Columbia at this juncture may save the country from very serious complications. I hope that you will see your way clear to go.

ABRAM S. HEWITT, Chairman National Democratic Committee. To which the following reply has been re

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27, 1576.
To Hen. Abren S. Herlit, Chairscan, &c.:
The business of the Supreme Court requires
my presence here.
M. R. Watte.

WADE HAMPTON'S HOUSE DESTROYED

[First Dispatch.] COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 27,-General Hamp

ton's home, there miles from this city, was bursed on Friday last. During the night the flames burst simultaneously from all parts of the building, and the General's two sisters and two young sons had only time to escape with their lives. Everything was destroyed. the close of the election to morrow. The library, articles of vertu saved from the fire of 1865, when Hampton's father's home was burned at the same time as his own sliver and clothing-everything was destroyed. The ladies escaped, saving only their dress-ng gowns, and Hampton has not a single reliele of clothing except those he had on. The only thing sazed was a bust of General Wade Hampton of the Revolution. The fire was incendiary. That night, by accident, the General lodged in the city. There is no in-

surance. The following telegraphic correspondence took place to-day: WADE HAMPTON'S HOUSE NOT BURNED-IT WAS HIS SISTER'S

[Second Dispatch.] CHARLESTON, Nov. 27.—Inquiries are tele-graphed here from the North regarding the truth of a rumor of the burning of General Hampton's house by a mob. It is unfounded, and probably arose from the fact that the residence of General Hampton's sister, about five miles from Columbia, was burned Friday night. It was supposed to be the work of an

#### FLORIDA.

Meeting of the Returning Board-Re publicans File a Protest Against Attorney General Cocke Acting as Returner"-Committees from Both Parties Invited to Witness the Count-Adjourned Till To-day.

TALLAHASSEE, Nov. 27 .- The canvassing oard met to-day at 12 o'clock in the office of the Secretary of State; Mr. McLin in the chair. A protest was filed by the Republican electors against Attorney General Cocke's sitting as a member of the board, on the ground that he had virtually decided and given a decision prior to the assembling of the board, in that "the Democrate had certainly carried the State, and that the Republicans could not cheat them out of it."

Mr. Cooke stated that he had sent the dispatch in reply to a friend in Baltimore, who had asked his opinion, and who furnished it to the newspapers. He respectfully submitted that the dispatch and the opinion therein con-tained did not disqualify him from sitting as a member of the board.

The protest was entered, and the board pro-Mr. Cowgill moved that Gov. Stearns and Gen. Brannon, commanding the troops at this point, he admitted to the sessions of the

Mr. Cocke amended by adding the name of Mr. G. F. Drew.
The amendment was accepted. The board then went into private session and

dopted rules for its government.

The board then agreed to admit six gentlemen from abroad and six local politicians from each side

The board then adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock. The following are the rules before referred to: The Canvassing Board will commence its duties on the 28th day of November instant, at 10 o'clock, and will meet daily hereafter at the same hour, unless a different hour be fixed except on Sundays and holidays, and will remain so long in session each day as the necessities of the case may require. In order to facilitate the canvass within the brief period

which remains for that purpose, the following rules of procedure are adopted and are hereb promu'gated:
1. The office of the Secretary of State, where by law the board is directed to meet, being small, a limited number of persons only, not exceeding six in number, equally representing each political party, will be admitted to wit-

ness the proceedings, except when the board may think it necessary or advisable to close the doors for deliberation.

2. The Secretary of State shall o, on the returns from each county, whereupou the board will proceed to examine the same, and deter-mine from the fact thereof, subject to final review, whether the legal formalities and requirements with respect thereto have been complied with, and on an affirmative determicompiled with, and on an affirmative determi-nation of such preliminary matters the chair-man shall announce the vote of the county.

3. On the announcement of the vote of any county any person may give notice that the said returns and the election or vote of said county or any precinct thereof will be con-tested, and the clerk shall forthwith note the

c bjection.
4. The contestants, subsequently to the senouncement, as a coresaid, of the result as it giving specifically the objections proposed to be made with particulars of the time, plans and circumstances, together with a state

5. In view of the fact that the board has no power to compel the attendance or examination of witnesses, it will receive in evidence proper affidavits, and also such official certifi-cates as are made evidence by law and may be otherwise admissible. If ci-her party desires to produce rive rece testimony, they must sub-mit to the board a brief statement in writing of the names and residences and the facts to be proved by them, and the board, in their cetion, will allow them to attend, and themselves examine then; the extent he time at the disposal of the board.

office of the Secretary of State, and shall be accessible to all other sides, under such regu lations as the Secretary of State shall thick proper for the sale keeping thereof.
7. All motions and arguments shall be in writing and signed. No oral arguments will

e allowed. board being necessary to determine its action. such concurrence with respect to any proposi-tion or matter may be formally ascertained by a vote upon a motion duly made and secondar, or informally by the assent of at least two

9. The board reserves to itself the right to make and announce such modification or ad-dition to these rules as the case may require. Fariles in preferring charges, and in present-ing their proofs and arguments, should bear in mind that the canyuss must be completed and the result reached in time for the electors to discharge their duty under law.

## LOUISIANA.

The Returning Board at Work-Demo crats! Grumbling-The Board Deluged with Protests which Come in with the Ecturus.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 27 .- The returning could not at 1 a. m. All the members were present and a large crowd in the lobby. The Visiting Republicans were Messrs. Stoughton, Van Alen, Kelly, Parker and Hale, and the Democrats, Messrs. Palmer, Smith, Trumbull and Julian. The Democratic counsel were present during the proceedings. After calling the board to order, President Wells states that the board would decline to hear read any motions or protests whatever. The minutes to the effect that rule eight of the board had been medified to far as to allow the admission as rebutting evidence of ex par-

silidavits in contested cases.

Col. Zacharie filed a protest against the udden modification of the rule, on the ground that the change had been made after an ap-plication of the counsel for a medication had been refused, and that thus the Democratic committee had lost an opportunity of prepar-ing relating affidavits, whereas this privilege had been accorded to Republicans. The pro-lest was not read or acted upon, but received

The documents were scaled up in the boxes through ignorance of the law on the parc of the commissioners of election. The scoretary of the board was instructed on Saturday to telegraph for the boxes, but failed to do so on the plea of the want of funds. Sufficient money to pay all expenses was deposited with the accretary by the Democratic counsel, and the necessary message was sent. There were Democratic majorities at the polls where the above mutake was made, and unless the tally sheets are procured the vote will be thrown out. The loard thereafter went into executive ression, and the room was cleared of all per-

cons except members and committees. In executive session the board examined rein executive session the board examined re-turns from the following parishes, viz: Bien-ville, West Baton Rouge, Bossier, Caldwell, Carroli, Clattorne, Jefferson, Morchouse, Rapides, Red River, St. Lundry, Webster, Winn and the first, second, fourth, fitth, eixth, reventh, eighth, minth, tenth, eleventh, thirteenth, fifteenth and seventeenth wards of the parish of Orleans.

These returns were examined and laid over for future action, there being protests and contests in each case. In the Seventh ward of Orleans parish the supervisors threw out the vote of one of the polls where there was a majority of 173 for Tilden electors, on the ground that the vote had not been counted and returned within twenty-four hours after

The board adjourned until 10 o'clock a. m.

SHERIDAN GONE FROM NEW ORLEANS. New York, Nov. 27 .- A New Orleans dispatch to the Herald says : Gen. Sheridan and staff left here yesterday afternoon for Chicago; leaving Gen. Augus to command. The latter cays there is no possible danger of trouble. The Returning Board has employed John Ray as their legal adviser. A Norfolk dispatch reports that the war ship Essex sailed yesterday for Washington.

#### CURRENT CAPITAL TOPICS.

Spanish Consuls Recognized The President has recognized Manuel Castro as vice consul of Spain at Baltimore, and Candido Rafart vice consul of Spain at New Or-

Gen. Sherman Briefly Interviewed. Gen. Sherman stated to a reporter of Tur-REPUBLICAN last night that, from the information he had received, he had no reason to expect difficulty in South Carolina, and apprehended no trouble.

The President's Message. President Grant is still busy upon the reparation of his annual message, and as a quence has little time to give to visitors other than Cabinet members and others hold ng close official relations with the President Central and Union Pacific Railways

The United States engineers authorized by Congress to measure the Central and Union Pacific railroads, to see if the road had not exaggerated its length so as to secure overpay, have returned, and reported to the Secretary of War that their measure differs only by quarter of a mile from rigid measurement, and that this might be accounted for by the settling of the road.

Senator Boscoe Conkling. Hon. Thomas Murphy, ex-collector of the port of New York, has been stopping at the Arlington for several days. He recently visited Senator Conkling, and says that during his filnces the New York Senator has lost a good deal of his vitality. He stoops, and one of his eyes is nearly closed. Mr. Murphy does not think that Senator Coukling's condition will allow him to take as prominent a part in public affairs this winter as heretofore. United States Treasury-Financial.

The Secretary of the Treasury yesterday firected the destruction of \$624,716 of the outstanding legal tenders, that being eighty per cent. of National bank circulation issued during the present month. The balances at the close of business yesterday were as follows: Currency, \$11,895,122; special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of de-posit, \$41,920,000; coin, \$79,975,951; includ-ing coin certificates, \$87,939,400; outstanding legal lenders, \$367,535,716. The internal rev-ence receipts year-day were \$751,875. The customs receipts were \$412,420.

Beath of Capt. Paul Shirley, U. S. N. The Navy Department has received information of the death of Capt. Paul Shirley, of the navy, at Columbus, Ohio, on the 24th instant, while on his way South by advice of his physician. Capt. Shirley, although a native of Kentucky, spent his youth at Nashville, Tenn., from which State he was appointed a midship man in 1839. He had seen more than twenty two years' sea service; had an unblemishe record, and-was regarded as a high toned, courageous and honorable gentleman, as well as a capable and relibble officer. His remains were taken io Nashville, Tenu., for intermeut. The Tallapoosa arrived at Port Royal on Siturday evening. All well on board.

Mary land and Virgina Boundary. 3 Jud. e Black, Gov. Jenkins and Senator Beck, the commission appointed to arbitrate the boundary-line difficulties between Maryland and Virginia, met at the Riggs house yesterday. Senator Whyte and ex Attorney General Isaac D. Jones, of Maryland, appeared in behalf of that State. Judge Wm. J. Robert-son appeared for Virginia. Attorney General Datic s, of Virginia, associated with Judge Robertson, was delayed by official business in Richmond, and at his request the commissio adjourned over until to day. The controversy between the States is chiefly in regard to dis-puled rights in the Potomac river. The coun-sel for Maryland have submitted to the Virginia countel a large number of gracts of islands in the Potomac river, from St. Mary's

#### to Alleghany. Journalistic Changes.

Clarence M. Barton, news editor, and John P. Young, city editor, of the Washington Chronicle, have severed their connection with that paper and become correspondents for several Northern journals. They are bright, capable journalists, and will undoubtedly have abun-

dant success in their new field.

It is understood that Col. E. P. Brooks has resigned his position as managing editor of the NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, and that Mr. Nat. NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, and that Mr. Nat. Davidson will succeed him. Mr. Soteldo will, it is stated, take the place of Mr. Davidson as associate editor of The Republican. Mr. Brooks, we hear, goes to St. Louis to take a position upon the Globe-Democrat, and will prove a brilliant acquisition to the atready able editorial staff of that paper. Messrs. Davisson and Soteldo are journalists of fine capacity, and will keep The Republican fully up to high-water mark in all its departments. The Republican to the seventeenth year of its existence, and, with the seventeenth year of its existence, and, with the exception of the Star, is the oldest paper in Washington; but, as with the Star, time writes no wrinkles on its brow.—Star of

#### Report of the Engineer-in-Chief of the Navy. The estimates for repairs, preservation, etc.

of machinery for the navy this year are very specific, and, therefore, vary but little from the last report. The Navy Department seems determined to have nothing but good boilers in its ships, for, judging from the sunual report of the engineer-in-chief, about every sleam yessel in commission has been reboilered. To insure speed and efficiency, the Department has adopted in this the correct principle, From the report of the engineer-in-chief we quote: "The Colorado-New bollers are being con-

structed at the Delamster Works, New York ard are nearly completed.

"The Franklin-Some repairs to machinery have been made at Spezzia, but the engine is now in good condition. The boilers are re unreliable and should be replaced b

We are informed that there boilers were we are informed that there collers were built for a versel of much lighter draft, and are consequently deficient in the seam-room required for the large engines of the Franklin. They were put in in a hurry during the Cuban

excitement.

"The Wabash," continues the report, "requires new boilers and machinery. The machinery of the following vessols requires overhauling and repairs: The Brooklyn, Richmond and Omaha. New boilers for the Junista have been completed. \* Boilers partially completed are being constructed for the following vessels: Wachusett, Alaska, Benicia, Sheuradoah, Puritan, Amplitrite, Monadacek and Terror. New machinery and boilers for the Miantonomah, double-turreted monitor, are well advanced towards complemonitor, are well advanced towards compl

tion.
"The machinery of the following named "The machinery of the following-named vessels is undergoing repairs of greater or less extent at the stations named: Those marked with an asterick have new bollers: Swatara, navy-yard, New York; "Iroquois, Mare island; Tuscarora, Mare Island; "Wyoming, Washington navy-yard; Canandalgua, navy-yard, Norfolk, and Camanche, at Mare Island. Toe machinery of the Gettysburg has been repaired at the Washington yard, and the vessel is now at sea. at rea. "On the Asiatic station new boders have

on the Asiatic Station new forers have been erected on board the Ashuelot, Mouceaey and Falor, and their engines placed in thoroughly efficient condition.

"New boilers should be constructed for the Omaba, Hartford, Narragansett, Yantio and Sano.

"The New machinery for the Tren. Saco. \* \* \* New machinery for the Trenton, built at the Morgan Iron Works, erected on board, and a very satisfactory prolimbary trial made at the dock. \* \* \* A thorough trial of the machinery will be made prior to her departure iron the United States. The converted (from simple to compound) ergine of the Vandalia is completed and erected on board, sud a very satisfactory trial has been made. The Enterprise (compound engines) has been subjected to a satisfactory dock trial. \* \* I had the honor to call your attention to the necessity of erecting engines on New machinery for the Tree I had the honor to call your atten-tion to the necessity of erecting engines on loard the twin acrew monitors Amphirite and Monadneck. In this respect nothing has been done except to place under contract the boilers for these ships; as previously reported, that they might be placed in the holds of the ves sels prior to putting on the decks, beams and plates, a necessity arising from there being no permanent occulings in the decks large enough to admit them into the holds of the vessels after the completion of the latter. Plans for the engines are all prepared, but no contracts for them are yet made. It should be done, however, in order to have these tronclads completed in event of emergencies."

Serew Sloop Lancaster—The engineer inchief reports that new boilers are completed for this favorite ship (which has been called

# the yacht of the navy;) that her engines of an obselete type are not worth repairs, and he proposes to use the good engines from the decayed Worcester. He gets this machinery in the space of the old machinery, but it will about double the power. He has accommodated this new machinery to the most improved method of naval warfare, i.e., by so proceed to the functions that great accommodate the content of the space of the content of the content of the space of the content of the space of the content of the space of the content of the content of the space of the content of the co

proved method of naval warfare, i.e., by so proportioning the functions that great economy is attained by using a high pressure of forty pounds, though a high speed can be made under the moderate pressure of seventeen pounds, and the disaster from the enemy's shot would be less. This is a step in the right direction, and the engineer-in-chief is able to accomplish this great end with the machinery already on hand.

Change of screws—In 1869 the four-bladed screws of a number of vessels were removed.

Change of screws—In 1869 the four-bladed screws of a number of vessels were removed and two bladed screws substituted. The cost of building and fitting these screws is given to tables in this report. Also, by an extremely laborious task, the total weight and cost of the coal wasted by the process. To accomplish this the engineer in-chief has taken the records of these vessels for their whole lifetime, and has determined—1. The total time the engines were in operation, the vessel teing on her course; 2. The total number of revolutions of the screw in that time: 3. The total weight of coal consumed; 4. The total total weight of coal consumed: 4. The total to al weight of coal consumed; 4. The total distance steamed. The large number of data upon which these quantimes are based precludes the chance of error in the average.

From the report we are gratified to find that the bureau has always engaged in a healthy competition in its designs. We find that it is the practice to advertise for designs for machinery to be entered in connection with the chinery, to be entered in competition with the

designs of the bureau, and that these designs, when submitted, are not passed upon by engi-neers of the navy exclusively, but to a civilian engineer who is always on the board. A set of tables of comparison of the various classes and types of vessels of the navy is in-cluded in the report. These tables compare the sizes, power and economic efficiency of these vessels, and are of great value and in-terest. Indeed, the scientific information con-tained in these tables and texts is rare, and will make this report, like the preceeding one, to be much sought after by mechanical and

treatise of the safety of our ships, and, judg-ing from the statistics, accidents are propor-tionately much lower it our navy than in that ilonately much fewer 11 our navy than in that of Great Britain. of Great Britsin.

Appended to the report are two papers,

Appended to the report are two papers,

One

# prepared by the engineer of the navy. One is on experiments on pulverized fuel, and the other treats on experiments on a screw-propeller. The papers are both interesting

The Senatorial Contest-A Ballot To-Day-No Choice in Caucus. MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 27 .- The Alabama Legislature will ballot for Senator to norrow. The Democratic caucus has taken twenty-eigh tineffectual ballots, and will meet again to-night. The prominent candidates are Gov. Houston, Gen. Morgan, Hon. J. L. Pugh and Col. Herdon. The Democratic caucus has in attendance 108 out of 130 Scnators and Representatives. Business here is almost at a stand t il, waiting some solution of the Presidential complication.

THE UNITED STATES SENATORSHIP. [Second Dispatch.] MONTGOMERY, Nov. 27.—The Democratic caucus adjourned without making a nonfun-tion for Senator. All names were withdrawn but General Morgan's and Mr. Pugh's. The two thirds rule governs, and neither one re-ceived the requisite vote, which was sixty-cipht. On the forty-eighth ballot, the last one to night, General Morgan received the highest vote. The caucus meets to-morrow

#### CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE DECLINES.

The Correspondence. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 27 .- To Hon. M. State Canvassers, committed for contempt by the Supreme Court of the State, have been taken from the sheriff, by order of the United States Circuit Judge, on a writ of habeau corpus. A conflict of jurisdiction arises, and the issues are grave. We cornestly appeal to you to preside in court on Wednesday, the 29th, at 10 a.m., to hear the case; or if you will appoint a day when you can attend, we will

LEROT F. YOUNANS, BRADLEY T.JOHNSON,

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE'S REPLY. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—To Messrs.
James Conner and others, Columbia, S. C.:
The business of the Supreme Court requires
my presence here.

M. R. Waite.

THE CONTEMPT CASE OF U. S. ATTORNET CORBIN. The Supreme Court of the State to day continued the case of contempt against United States District Attorney Corbin.

#### A DEMOCRATIC ALECTOR INCLI-GIBLE. His Political Disabilities Not Re

moved. Sr. Louis, Nov. 27 .- Considerable comi has been indulged in here growing out of the fact that Gen. D. M. Frost, one of the Demoeratic Presidential electors in this State, has been pronounced ineligible. The General is a graduate of West Point. He served in the army several years; was in command of the State militia, at Camp Jackson, in this city. when captured by Major Lyon, in May, 1861, and subsequently serv.d in the Confederate army. He claims to have a pardon from President Andrew Johnson, and that, there-fore, his disabilities have been removed, but the Republicans assert that Johnson's pardon stands for naught against the Constitut amendment on the subject of disabilities therefore he cannot act legally as elector.

# THE COMTESTING MISSOURI CON-

he Election Trial in St. Louis-A De cision to be Rendered To-morrow. St. Louis, Nov. 27 .- The Metcalfe-Frost ase was continued in the Circuit Court to day, and several other witnesses, including D. . Houser, one of the proprietors of the Glob Democrat, and E. T. Allen, chief United States supervisor of election, testified to the same general effect as preceding witnesses. Coun I for Metcalie then rested their case, and defendant's counsel introduced two judges of election of precinct 57 and one of the clerks, who testified to the making up of the poll-book of the precinct, but could not tell whather the original figures were 272 or 232. After consultation counsel agreed to submit the case. Judge Lindley said he would render a decision on Wednesday.

## ILLINOIS.

Official Result of the Election. SPRINGPIELD, Nov. 27 .- The canvass of the ote of Illinois took place to-day, and showed that the Hayes elector receiving the highest vote got 278,232, while the Tilden elector recelving the highest vote got 258,807, and the Dooper elector 17,109. The House will stand publicans, 79; Democrats and Independe Republicans, 79; Democrats and Independents, 75; with two contests, which may give the Republicans two more, if decided in their favor and the Democrats two less. The Senate stands: Republicans, 29; Democrats, 21; Independents, 5. Of the latter two, and possibly three, will co-operate with the Republicans. The Congressional delegation stands: Republicans, 11; Democrats, 8, though it is claimed a recount of the ballets in the Eleb. claimed a recount of the ballots in the Eigh-teenth district will elect Wiley, Republican. The figures show the election of the entire

#### eratic Frands-A Tilden Elector Incligible-Judge Settle Gone to

South Carolina. New York, Nov. 27 .- A Greensboro' (N (1.) dispatch to the Times charges great fraude on the Democrats in that State, and says One of the Tilden electors, Wm. B. Glen, theligible; he is one of the commissioners a pointed by the Southern Claims Commissi to take testimony. This will give one Reput lican elector in North Carolina. Judge Setti has gone to Columbia, S. C.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 27.—Judge Tripp, of the United States District Court, to-day issued an order for the sale of the Memphis and Paducah railroad, on the petition of the first-merigage bendbolders.

#### ON THE DANUBE.

FOR MALL STREET SANGETAN AND T

THE IMPENDING EUROPEAN WAR

Bight Hon W E Parater Thinks Ton key's Danger is in her Confidence of English Support-Deluded by Lord Scacousfield - Russians Preparing to Cross the Danube-Wallachia to be Invaded-The Crisis in Belgrade.

LONDON, Nov. 28 .- Right Hon. W. E. Forter, in a public speech at Aberdeen yester day, said the danger to the conference was Turkey's possible refusal of the guarantees and the chief danger of her refusal was in the belief that England would support her. The main reason why Turkey has this belief arises from speeches of Lord Beaconsfield, especially his Guildhall speech. Mr. Forster thought the suspicions of Russia's motives were un-founded. Her course had not been inconsist-ent. He believed she was sincerely desirous

of peace.

The Berlin correspondent of the Times reports that the Russians are collecting ponises to cross the Danube. The Turks have ten monitors in the Danube. Abdul Kerim Paeha is preparing to invade Wallachia, being castinged that Roumania will co-operate with Russia. The Turkish Cabinet believes it to be a safer plan to fight with the Danubs for a front, that river forming an effectual barrier. The dispatch of volunteers to Servia has been resumed. The crisis in Belgrade is said o have been occasioned by the resistance of be Cabinet to the establishment of a Russian

of the News says that a Vistalia army is being organized, and will be commanded by the bereditary grand duke, with his headquarters at the important railway junction of Microi-wice, a town of Poland, forty-two miles west-A RUSSIAN ARMY ON THE VISTULA

LONDON, Nov. 27.—A special dispatch from Berlin to the London News says:

There are contradictory reports as to the formation of a Ru. tian army of the river Vistula. My own information, despie denials, it has a Vistula army is being organized, and will be commanded by the hereditary Grand Duke, with headquarters at the important rallway junction of Skieralwice, a towa of Poland, forty-two miles westsoaihwest of Warsaw.

VIEWS OF THE ENGLISH PLENIPOTENTIARY AND THE LONDON TIMES. The Paris co.respondent of the London Times, discussing the prospects of the conference at Constantinople, says: "People even affirm that the Marquis of Salisbury, the English Plevipotentiary, though on principle opposed to loreign occupation, has not an absolute predetermination even on that point. solute predetermination even on that point. He will discuss with unbiased mind the quetion of a collective occupation within limit

which cannot alarm the Ports nor excits auspicions of any Power."

The London Times, in a leading article, also otenly favors collective occupation. It says:

"The occupying force should, in the case of each province, be procured from the sole power which cannot be suspected of harboring any designs upon the province in which it is placed. No objection could be raised to this as long as the force furnished is trustworthy and sufficient. The instances of the avanagement cient. The jealousies of the guaranteeing Powers and the antipathy of the Porte may be allayed by the adoption of this salutary

PERSON COLUMN NEEDS TO PUR PROVE A special dispatch from Berlin to the Lon don Times announces that the Grand Duke Michael Nicholaiwetch, jr., and Gen. Skobe-lieff will accompany the Grand Duke Nicholas to the headquarters of the army in Southern

THE CJAR DESTRES RUSSIAN OFFIC ERS IN SER-A Reuter telegram from Belgrade says that Gen. Doctoroff, the former chief of Gen. Tchernayeff's staff, who lately proceeded to St. Petersburg on a special mission, has telegraphed Gen. Tchernayeff that the Czar stated during an audience that he greatly relied on the Russian force in Servia, and charged him (Gen. Doctoroff) to inform the Russian officers remaining in Servia that they should learned. VIA TO REMAIN THERE. maining in Servia that they should lose not

remaining in Servia that they should lose notaing thereby.

The Grand Duke Nicholas on Sunday telegraphed to Gen. Telernayeff requesting him to
come to Kichineff. Gen. Telernayeff will
probably start on Thursday next for that

THE BULGARIAN BUTCHERIES. The Times' dispatch from Constantinople states that a new commission is soon to start for Philippopolis to inquire again into the atroitiles. The previous commission convicted no Mussulmen, but demanded that sentence of death be passed upon forty-two Bulgarians charged with complicity with the insurgents IMPROVEMENT IN THE SITUATION.

The London Times' correspondent at Vienna says the general impression from the presence of the Marquis of Salisbury is pacific, but the belief is growing there and at Berlin that matters have gone too far to be easily stopped. The occupation of Bulgaria has become almost a political point of honor with Russis, from which she will not recede, while nothing will nduce Turkey to acquiesce This occupation, now first on the Russian programme, taken in connection with Salisbury's tour to the different courts, is not for-

The Paris correspondent of the Times says the Marquis of Sallsbury is to reach Constan-tinopie on December 6. The conference is to open after the preliminary meetings, which begin on December 8 at the residence of Gen. Ignatieff, and at which the decision of the European Powers is to be settled. The epen-ing of the conference will imply that the

Their resolution will then be submitted to the Porte for its adhesion.

A dispatch from Constantinople to the Daily News says an understanding now appears to be more probable. The recent declarations of Russia have greatly improved the condition of affairs. It is believed that war will be avoided. FOREBODINGS THAT THE CONFERENCE MAY BE A PAILURE.

BE A PAILURE.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The London Standard's Paris correspondent says the feeling is gaining ground that Russia will be glad to retreat from a position involving disastrous war if she can do so without lost prestige.

The Berlin dispatch to the Standard says England would not oppose Russia's occupation of Bulgaria if Germany and Austria guarantee that the occupation shall only last until after the companion shall only last until afternative. that the occupation shall only last until af-fairs are regulated. Germany, it is under-stood, refuses to enter upon such guarantee. In Russian and German diplomatic circles it doubted whether the conference will be able to settle the complications.

#### REVOLUTIONARY-MEXICO. Its Never-Ending Cival Wars-The New Revolution Growing-Ameriean Citizens Outraged as Usual.

BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS, Nov. 27 .- A courier arrived to day from Guanajuto with reports that the people of that State were cuthusiastie in support of Iglesias, the Revolutionary President, and had raised a large sum of money to sustain his Government. The Diaz revolutionists recognize it as legiti-mate President, and Matamoras is the only place east of Serra Madre held by partisan of Lerdo. An agent of Iglesias is here, and said to be treating for its surrender to the new Government, and it is believed that the com-mender will turn the town over to Iglesias. Five American citizens went over to Matamoras yesterday on a visit, and were insulted and assaulted by Mexican officers and then arrested and thrown into prison, and were fined this morning from twenty to one hun-dred and fifty dollars each, or two months' hard labor on the public works. This outrage has created profound excitement on this side, and others of hundreds of men are coming in to aid in their rescue if necessary. Unless or Government takes steps to prevent a repeti-tion of these outrages there is great danger of an early conflict ou this border.

## FRANCE.

Prince Napoleon's Pretensions-Vio-

lent Speech Against the Clergy. The Paris correspondent of the London Times draws attention to Prince Napoleon's speech in the Chamber of Deputies on Friday afternoon, in which the Prince in violent terms decounced the dangerous encroachments the clergy and supported a proposal for the reduction of the estimates for public worship. The correspondent says: "This speech marks the cutry of a pretender on the scene. Prince Napoleon has chosen his opportunity at a time when a conflict between the Senate and Chamler of Deputler scene impending. It will be a mistake to despise the Prince, who has two great qualities of a dangerous conspirator— patience and audacity. All those will range themselves around him who desire to obtain == a passing tool a chief who is ready to serve

INDIA. Fearful Destruction of Life by the Recent Cyclone-The Threatened

LONDON, Nov. 27 .- A special dispatch from Calcutta to the Times states that Sir Richard Temple, Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, in fal report on the recent cyclone which caused such fearful destruction of human life in that presidency, says three storm waves in rapid succession swept over an area of three in rapid succession swept over an area of three thousand square miles.

Accounts from the Bombay presidency relative to the famine are gloomier. This year's raintall in the distressed districts is not one third of the average fall. The prospects in the presidency of Madras also continue unfavorable.

Watchman Shot Through the Heart. NEW YORK, Nov. 27 .- Patrick Taft, pighi stehman at the freight office of the Long Island Railroad Company at Hunter's Point, was found dead this morning behind one of the desks. He had been shot through the heart. There is no clue to the murderer.

MASKED BURGLARS ON THE RAMPAGE IN NEW TROY, N. Y., Nov. 27 .- Last Friday night six masked burglars entered the house of R. D. Winney, in Northumberland, Saratoga county, bound and gagged the occupants, and carried away \$300. On Sunday morning four masked burglars entered the house of Benj. masked burglars entered the house of Benj. Slade, near Waterford, Saratogs county, and obtained \$400 in the same manner.

A ROBBER GETS TWENTY YEARS. to-day sentenced Patrick Conners to twenty sears' imprisonment for highway robbery.

ON TRIAL. Charles Ralston, indicted for forgery and ttering bonds of the Buffalo and Erle railroad, was placed on trial yesterday in New York.

ESCAPED FROM JAIL. CHAMBERSBURG, PA., Nov. 27.—Ralph Rolland and B. Johnson, sentenced last April to eight and ten years, respectively, for robbin the National Bank of Chambersburg, escape

# the Contest Over-A Republican

Elector. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27 .- A press dispate from Portland says the Democrats have taken no steps yet to enjoin Governor Grover from Republicans confidently assert that no such action will be taken.

#### HON. JOHN RELLY SHELVED. ames S. Thayer Nomfunted fo Comptroller of New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27 .- Late this afterno Mayor Wickham sent in the name of Jame S. Thaver as comptroller for the ensuing four years. The nomination was laid over. New York Billiard Sharpers at Their

Tricks.

# New York, Nov. 22 .- The billiard tourns

ment was continued to day, three games being played. Slosson and Joseph Dion played th first game, and Slosson won on the thirty-first inning, leaving Dion 208. The next game was between Rudolphe and Daly, and was won by Rudolphe, his opponent only making 120 The last game was won by Garnier, his oppo

PERSONAL. C. H. Sherrill, of New York, is stopping

Wormley's hotel. Capt. Alexander Hay, of Philadelphia, is at he National hotel. Wm. M. Evarts, of New York, has parlor at Wormley's hotel.

Hon. Matt Taylor, of New York, has arrived, and has rooms at the National hotel. Hon. Edward Vigil, secretary of the Chilean legation, has a suite of rooms at Wormley

Judge J. J. Jackson, of Parkersburg, V Va., is in the city, and is stopping at the National hotel. Vice President Ferry is expected to arrive in own next Friday, and will occupy rooms at

the National. Ignacius Zenteno, Charge de Affaires de Chili, and Carolina Zentero have taken parlors at Wormley's hotel. Hon, James O. Broadhead, who succeeded Gen. Henderson as Government counsel in the

whisky trials, arrived at Willard's hotel yes terday from St. Louis. Ex-Governor Jenkins, of Ga.: Hon. J. B Beck, of Ky.; Judge J. S. Black, of Pa., and Ex-Governor Pinckney Whyte, of Md., are quartered at the Riggs house.

Mr. C. G. Baylor, of Texas, a contributor to

De Bours Review before the war, and a writer of exceptional brilliancy upon educational mat-ters, as well as Southern agriculture, is in the city for the winter. Hon. O. P. Morton, Ind.; Hon. H. Dockery, N. C.; Hon. Barbour Lewis, Tenn.; Wm. J Robertson, Va.; Gen. N. W. Bingham, Boston, and Gen. Finley, U. S. A., arrived in this city yesterday and are stopping at the Ebbitt

The marriage of Miss Apple Stinemetz eldest daughter of B. H. Stinemetz, with Thomas J. Reed, son of the late William B. Reed, is announced to take place on Thursday evening, December 7, at the Foundry M. E. church, at 6:30 o'clock.

Capt. H. Cochran, postmaster at Selma Ala., and a true Republican, is in the city or his way to Philadelphia. He gives an intelli-gent relation of political and secular affairs in that State. While his representations are not fattering to Democratic tactics, he attributes the success of that party measurably to divi-sions in the Republican ranks, which are fo-mented and encouraged by the Democracy.

The society of Washington receives a valuable acquisition this winter in the percons of Mrs. Gen. Robert Anderson, of Fort Sumter memory, and her two elegant daughters. The latter were educated in Paris, and this is their first season to society. The memory of Gen.
Anderson's trials and his fidelity to duty
should entitle his family to the kind consideration of all lovers of their country. Mrs. A. has taken the house of Miss Seward, No. 210. Pennsylvania avenue.

#### POLITICAL. Gov. Bagley is already in the field against Senator Ferry for the United States Senator

ship from Michigan. Mr. Tilden pays no heed to Watterson's warnings. He has no ferrs of assascination at the hands of desperate Republicans, and refuses to wear a shirt of cha'n armor. The most eccentric election bet we have

heard of was by two members of the Massa-

chusetts Senate. The loser is to farnish the other with a sumptious dinner on Thankegiving day, and to celebrate the auniversary himself with a meal of cold potatoes. A gentleman having occasion to interview one of the distinguished visitors in the Democratic parlor in the St. Charles hotel, New Orleans, put his head in at the door and asked.

"Governor, can I speak with you a moment?" Seven men immediately rose up and said, "Certainly, sir." The visiting Democrats, especially those from New York, are very much disgusted to find that South Carolina Democrats, as a genone controlled Democrats, as a gen-eral thing, care very little about Tilden. One of them said at the hotel last night: "I be-lieve these people would trade off every State in the Union to get Hamp'on."—Culumbia Herald.

#### YESTERDAY'S CARLE PLASHES The insurgent chief Music has been interned

by the Austrian authorities at Siano, A Reuter telegram from Ragusa says: "M.

Joivin, the Russian representative in Monten-egro, has started for St. Petersburg, in obe-dience to a telegraphic summons."

#### COURTS OF LAW.

MONDAY, Nov. 27, 1976,
No. 86. Henry A. Grant, collector, &c.,
plaintiff in error, vs. The Hartford and New
Haven Railroad Company. In error to the
Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Connecticut. Mr. Justice Bradley delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the
judgment of the said Circuit Court in this

cause, with costs.

No. 76. The President, &c., Bank of Kentucky, plaintiffs in error, vs. The Alams Express Company;

No. 77. The Planters' National Bank of ouisville, plaintiffs in error, vs. The Adams xpress Company. In error to the Circuit ourt of the United States for the district of Kentucky. Mr. Justice Strong delivered the opinion of the court, reversing the judgment of the said Circuit Court, with costs, and renanding the cause with directions to award a

manding the cause with directions to award a venire facias de novo.

No. 63. John S. Shaw, appellant, vs. The United States. Appeal from the Court of Claims. Mr. Justice Field delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the judgment of the said Court of Claims in this cause. Mr. Justice Strong took no part in the decision of this case. Dissenting, Mr. Justice Miller.

No. 91. The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Polyntiff in excess.

of New York, plaintiff in error, vs. Aug. Snyder; No. 92. The Mutual Life Insurance Compa No. 92. The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, plaintiff in error, vs. Lewis W. Snyder. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern district of Pennsylvania. Mr. Justice Davis delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the judgments of the said Circuit Court in these causes, with costs and interest.

No. 87. Charles W. Hornor, plaintiff in error, vs. George C. Henning et al. In error to the Sunreme Court of the District of Coto the Supreme Court, of the District of Co-lumbia. Mr. Justice Miller delivered the options of the court, affirming the judgment of the said Supreme Court in this cause, with

No. 93. Stephen Talty, plaintiff in error, vs. The Freedman's Savings and Trust Company. In error to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. Mr. Justice Swayne delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the judgment of the said Supreme Court in this cause, with costs.

No. 94. Wm. H.Whiteside et al., appellants, vs. The United States. Appeal from the Court of Claims. Mr. Justice Clifford delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the judgment of

opinion of the court, affirming the judgment of the said Court of Claims in this cause. No. 58. The Town of South Ottawa, plain-tiff in error, vs. Noah C. Perkins; No. 59. The Board of Supervisors of Ken-

dail county, plaintiff in error, vs. Augustus T. Post. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern district of Illi-nois. Mr. Chief Justice Walte delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the judgments of the said Circuit Court in these causes, with costs and interest. Dissenting, Mr. Justice Bradley, Mr. Justice Müler, Mr. Justice Davis and Mr. Justice Field.

No. 11, (original.) Ex parte John Hender-

son, petitioner; No. 12. Ex parts Otto H. Karstendick, peti-tioner. Mr. Chief Justice Waite delivered the tioner. Mr. Chief Justice Watte delivered the opinion of the court, denying the petitions for habens corpus in these causes.

No. 735. Ex parte Otto H. Karstendick, petitioner, appellant;

No. 736. Ex parte John Henderson, pititioner, appellant. Dismissed with costs.

No. 417. John L. Davies, plaintiff in error, vs. Alfred Slidell et al.:

No. 435. F. Huppenbauer, plaintiff in error, vs. Alfred Sidell et al.; No. 668. Josephine Hale Ames, wife, &c., plaintiff in error, vs. Heirs of John Slidell, do-No. 669. Josephine Hale Ames, wife, &c., plaintiff in error, vs. Heirs of John Siidell, de-

s. Alfred Slidell et al.

plaintiff in error, vs. heirs of John Slidell, de-ceased. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana. Mr. Chief Justice Waite delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the judgments of the said Supreme Court in these causes, with costs. No. 791. H. H. Easterling et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The State of South Carolina, exrei. C. E. Lartique. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of South Carolina. Mr. Chief Justice Waite delivered the opinion of the of the State of South Carolina. Mr. Chief Justice Waite delivered the opinion of the court, affirming the judgment of the said Supreme Court in this cause, with costs.

No. 77, (of October Term, 1875.) Thomas Osborne et al., appellants, vs. The United States. Mr. Chief Justice Waite delivered the

apinion of the court, denying the motion for an order on the clerk directing him to issue e mandate in this cause. No. 560. John H. Martin, plaintiff in error vs. The Hazard Powder Company. Mr. Chie Justice Waite delivered the opinion of the court, denying the motion to dismiss thi

cause.

No. 765. A. Yznaga Del Vaile, plaintiff in error, vs. Chas. K. Harrison et al. The motion to dismiss this cause was submitted by Mr. Edward Jann, in support of same, and by Mr. T. J. Durant and Mr. C. W. Hornor

n opposition thereto. No. 895. Chas. E. Wiswall et al., plaintids n error, vs. Geo. W. Campbell et al. The motion to dismiss this cause was submitted by Mr. L. Proudfoot, in support of same, and by Mr. Jno. H. Thompson in opposition thereto. No. 731. Russell Sage et al., intervenors, appellants, vs. The Central Railroad Company of Iowa et al. Mr. Turner submitted motion to advance this cause. The motion to wheate the supersedeas and to dismiss the appeal in the above cause was argued by Mr. R. L. Ashhurst, in support of same, and by Mr. N. A. Cowdrey in opposition thereto. Adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock. otion to dismiss this cause was submitte

PERSONAL LIABILITY OF TRUSTEES OF COR-PORATIONS IN THE DISTRICT IN CERTAIN

CASES.
The case of Homer vs. Kennedy and others, rror to the Supreme Court of the District o Columbia, was yesterday decided. In this case it is held that the act of Congress making the trustees of corporations liable to the credtors of the corporation personally where the knowingly assent to an increase of its indebt edness beyond the amount of its capital stock was intended to make the trustees liable as for a breach of trust, and that this liability constitutes a fund for the benefit of all the editors in proportion to the amount of their that, therefore, one creditor cannot be allowed to sue on his claim to the exclusion of others.

SUPREME COURT-GENERAL TERM. Before Judges Olin, Wylie, Humphreys and MacArthur. Daniel P. Holland, of Florida, on motion of Mr. Wm. Birney, was admitted to the bar. Wm. D. Henry was appointed a constable for this District.

for this District.

Pottier & Stymus, manufacturing company, vs. Jonathan Taylor. This is an action brought by the plaintiff on a jurigment rendered in his favor against the defendant in the Supreme Court of New York for \$2,338 and costs. The writ of foreign attachment was issued, supported by affiliavit that defendant was a non-resident, for the purpose of subjecting to the plaintiff's claim purpose of subjecting to the plaintiff's claim moneys due the defendant by the District of Columbia, in the hands of the Commissioner, of said District and the board of audit of said Histrict, the writ being duly served upon thos

officials.

The Chief Justice, holding the Circuit Court, made an order quash ng said writ of attachment, from which order the plaintiffs appealed to this court. The court unanimously affirmed the judgment of the court below. Mesers. Glen W. Cooper and H. D. Brane appeared to the court below. Mesers, Glen W. Cooper and H. D. Brane appeared and argued the case for appellant, and Mesers. Jere Wilson and Wm. Birney represented the defendant.

Waring & Miles, executors, vs. Johnson & Knowles. This is a suit brought by the administrators of Cecilia A. Miles, deceased, against defendants for rent of a flabing shore for \$285. On the trial in the court below evi-

lence was offered to prove the existence of certain paper writing not bearing the prop-evenue stamp, to which the defendants of 

8, 70, 73, 7314, 74, 7414, 75 and 76. CIRCUIT COURT. By Chief Justice Cartter.

W. H. Rapley vs. Brown & Brown. This is an action brought by the plaintiff to recover from the defendants four months' rent, at \$140 per month, for the use of the wharf property at the foot of Seventh street southwest. The lefense claims a set-off in that the plaintiff has received the rent of property belonging to received the rent of property belonging to them, and which amount covers in full the extent of the aum for which the suit is brought against them. Verdict for plaintiff for \$560, with interest from March 1, 1871. Bill of exceptions tendered and motion for new trial entered. M. F. Morris for the plaintiff and W. United States vs. Lilley. This is the case Hens son tried on Saturday, in which a verifier for plain-

tiff was returned. Motion for new trial made on bill of exceptions.

W. H. Rapiey vs. George H. Piant. The plaintiff sues to recover the penalty of an appeal bond in which the defendant was surety.

Leave granted to amend declaration and con-

E. L. Stanton, receiver First National Bank, vs. John A. Wills. To recover the amount of \$400 on a premissory note. Sult dismissed by order of plaintiff's attorney.

J. B. Barker vs. Harrey & Mayne. This is an action brought by the plaintiff to recover \$350 from the defendants for the use of two horses which were hired to this for the borses which were hired to this firm for a stated period. When the time of hirlog expired, and they were to be delivered to the plaintiff it was found that one was dead and the other injured, consequently the bringing of the suit. The defense maintained that the

horses ran away and were hurt through no fault of theirs. Case still on.

Assignments for To-Day.—Nes. 151, 214, 4, 104, 105, 15, 160, 126, 195, 253, 78, 78, 1834, 62, 157, 210, 212, 225, 30, 31.

#### EQUITY COURT.

By Judge Wylle. Tompkins et al. vs. Blumenberg, Cowdrey et al. His Honor, on the motion of J. Carter Marbury, jr., complainants' solicitor, ordered that an attachment be lieued against the defendant, N. A. Cowdrey, for contempt, in receiving from the late board of audit of the District of Columbia the certificates issued in lieu of Board of Public Works certificates Nos. 3649 and 3654, in violation of the order of the court issued November 14, 1874. The writ was made returnable forthwith.

By Judge MacArthur.

The December term of this court will begin a Monday next at 10 o'clock a. m., and during its session many important cases will come up for trial. From information obtained it is be-lieved that the following will be among the first called, and they will be tried in the order

Charles G. Fisher, for grand larceny in abstracting papers from the clerk's office. The accused has been tried once, and the jury The accused has occur tried once, and the jury failed to agree upon a verdict.

Wm. H. Ottman, accessory after the fact in the robbing of the Treasury of the United States of \$47,096; second trial.

Benjamin B. Halleck, grand larceny in robbing the United States Treasury of \$47,006. The accused has once been convicted and granted a new trial.

granted a new trial.

Theodore M. Brown, accessory after the fact in the Treasury robbery above men-W. W. Belknap, ex-Secretary of War, indicted for receiving brites whilst a Go ment officer.

Hallet Kilbourn, for contempt of the House

of Representatives.

The Sugg Fort, Witkowski, Brooks and Lipincott causes will also be given a hearing. POLICE COURT.

By Judge Snell.

Thomas Crosin, petit larceny; \$10 and costs, or twenty days in jail. Thomas Brown, assault and battery on his wife; \$10 and costs, or thirty days in jail. Emily Henson, petit larceny; \$10 and costs; or one month in jail. Thomas Webster, false pretenses; continued. Joseph Mason, petit larceny of five goblets; sixty days in jail. Charles Henry, assault and battery on John W. Wailing, assault and battery on John Patch, a county constable; \$10 and costs. Charles Slewart, threats against his wife; personal bonds to keep the peace. William Stewart, disturbing religious services; fined \$5. James W. Mitchell, lond and boisterous; fined \$5. Arthur Green, vagrant; sent to the workhouse. Richard Bossiord, Thomas Brown, Wm. Laws, Wm. Clements, Jennie Brown, Wm. Hudley, Thomas Carr, A. Jardine and George Ward, all charged with minor offenses, forfeited their collaterals. By Judge Snell.

Augustine G. Danby, who founded the Utica

Observatory in 1824, died suddenly in Utica NEW YORK, Nov. 27 .- Snow has been falling here all the afternoon, but it melts as fast as it reaches the ground.

John Ness was killed at York, Pa., yesterday, by being caught in the machinery at Schall's car-shops. The bazaar presented by the commissioners of the Empire of Japan to the Centennial Park

commission, at Philadelphia, about a fortnight ago, has been accepted by the latter. The order of exercises for the unveiling and edication ceremonies at the monument of Religious Liberty, on the Centennial grounds, Philadelphia, has been arranged. The ad-dresses will be delivered by Simon Kahn, of Philadelphia: Adoiph L. Sanger, of New York, and others.

The friends of the Permanent-Exhibition project at Philadelphia expect to be able to take possession of the main building about January I. The amount of conditional sub-scriptions received thus far (estimating the Centennial stock at 50 cents on the dollar) is about \$375,000, leaving \$25,000 atili necessary to make up the total required to secure the subscriptions. The latter amount must be raised before the sale of the main build-

CABLE PLANNES LONDON, Nov. 27 .- One million dollars in American eagles were withdrawn from the bank yesterday for shipment to New York.

The Le Nord newspaper, this afternoon states that the text of the new Turkish constitution has been communicated to the Powers. A dispatch from Portsmouth says that Captain Allan Young, who commanded the Pandors in her recent trip to the Arctic regions,

will, next spring, again attempt the west passage in that vessel. LONDON, Nov. 27 .- The marriage of Mrs. ives, daughter of Mr. John Lathrop Motley, to Sir William G. Vernon Harcourt, member of Parliament for the City of Oxford, will be celebrated at Westminister Abbey, on Satur-

day next.

Burned to a Crisp. CHICAGO, Nov. 27 .- Four persons perished at a fire on West Madison street early this morning. They were inmates of the house No. 28 West Madison street, which was occupied as a restaurant and kept open all night. Their names were Emma Burt, Agnes Healy, George Bode and James Allen. Their charred remains were taken from the ruins this after-

con. A number of buildings were burned out the money loss was only \$10,000. AN \$80,000 FIRE. POTTSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 27 .- This evening the Yorktown colliery, near Audenreid, Pa., was destroyed by fire. The fire originated in the boller-house, and quickly communicated with the breaker. The loss will amount to

\$75,000 or \$80,000; insurance not known If we want the Mexican bellum miasms to settle over the land in such fullness as to give us a revolution every morning for breakfast appetizers, let the people sanction such bellioce sentiment as this from the Cincinnati Enquirer, and they can have B: "The news received to-night through the dispatch of Senator Gordon, from Columbia, has caused intence excitement in the city. The whole people are unaulmous in resenting the outrage, and there will be an uprising unequaled even in

The Chicago Times indignantly says that Florida once belonged to Spain, and Spain can have it again if she wante it." Here is a deliberate attempt to give away property, on the part of the Times, that does no it. If the Florida court knows berself, the State government is Republican property in A Boston Boy on Hens. Hers is curious animals. They don't have

no nose, nor no teeth, nor no ears. Tuey in their crops inside of 'em. The outside of hers is generally put inter pillers and made inter feather dusters. The inside of a hen is cometimes filled up with marbles and shirtbuttons and sich. A ben is very much smaller buttons and sich. A ben is very much smaller than a good many other animals, but they'll dig up more tomato plauts than anything that alo't a ben. Hens is very useful to lay eggs for plum-pudding. Bet yer life I like plum-pudding. Skinny Ba'es est so much plum-pudding once that it set him into the collery. Hens has got wings and can fly when they are skart. I cut my Uncle William's hen's new off with a larcle; and it skart her to death. Hens sometimes makes your fine spring. Hens sometimes makes very fine spring